

Clinical Performance Study Report - CPSR 2021\_23

## **EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test**

**REF. W-Ag H-01 (1 tests/kit), W-Ag H-05 (5 test/kit)**

**Analytical/diagnostic specificity**

**Diagnostic sensitivity**

### **Sponsor:**

**Wuhan EasyDiagnosis Biomedicine Co., Ltd.**  
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Wuhan Optics Valley International Biopharmaceutical  
Enterprise Park, No. 388, Gaoxin 2nd road  
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## 1 Purpose of the Study

The objective of this performance study is to establish the sensitivity and specificity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (REF: W-Ag-H-01, W-Ag H-05) in order to meet the "Minimum criteria for SARS-CoV-2 antigen tests in the sense of §1 Abs. 1 Satz 1 TestVO: Antigen rapid tests" of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 15.01.2021.

## 2 Sponsor – investigation – study coordination

### 2.1 Sponsor:

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### 3 Scope

#### 3.1 Objectives

The objective of this performance study was to establish the diagnostic sensitivity and diagnostic and analytical specificity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (REF: B62100) in order to meet the "Minimum criteria for Rapid SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Tests Pursuant to Section 1 para 1 Sentence 1 TestVO (Statutory Test Regulation): Rapid Antigen Tests" of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 15.01.2021.

Samples included:

- 127 persons with COVID-19 symptoms within seven days after onset of symptoms.  
The collection of the swabs was carried out in Germany with European subjects, usually the samples have been collected in the patients' home environment. No samples have been collected in hospitals.
- 100 asymptomatic persons without a concrete risk of exposure in the rapid SARS-CoV2 antigen test. The collection of the swabs was carried out in Germany with European subjects
- Examination of samples including those with a high concentration of related human coronaviruses (e.g. human coronavirus 229E, human coronavirus OC43, human coronavirus NL63, MERS coronavirus).
- Examinations on pathogen-positive samples in which the pathogen can cause analogous symptoms (e.g. influenza A, B; RSV), or could interfere with the test principle (e.g. protein A-positive Staphylococcus aureus in the case of nasal swabs as sample matrix)

#### 3.2 Study Design Type

This retrospective study on frozen dry swab samples from COVID-19 infected and healthy donors was an observational study which aims to establish the analytical/diagnostic specificity and sensitivity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (REF: B62100).

The swabs for the positive samples have been collected during the infectious phase of COVID-19 infected patients, the swabs of the negative samples have been collected from healthy donors. All swabs were collected from anterior nasal cavity.

After collection all swabs (dry swabs) have been stored immediately at  $\leq -20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

As reference method all samples were tested with a RT-PCR system.

#### 3.3 Current state of the art

The assays clinical performance is considered acceptable if the following requirements are met:

##### Diagnostic sensitivity:

Method: Parallel examination of diagnostic PCR tests and antigen tests in at least 100 persons with COVID-19 symptoms within seven days after onset of symptoms

Criterion: >80% of at least 100 unselected PCR-positive samples, positive in the SARS-CoV-2-rapid antigen test

##### Diagnostic specificity:

Method: Examinations of at least 100 asymptomatic persons without a concrete risk of exposure in the rapid SARS-CoV2 antigen test; clarification of any reactive samples by means of PCR.

Criterion: Specificity > 97 %

### 3.4 Reference Test

An analysis has been performed of the correlation between the antigen -positive/PCR-positive and the antigen-negative/PCR-negative samples with the Ct-values of the PCR. The detection rate of the antigen test (e.g. detection rate >90%) should be observed in relation to the Ct-value. However, it should be noted that the Ct-values vary between PCR tests in the case of a given concentration of the target RNA.

### 3.5 Expected Risk & benefits

There is no risk attributed to the patient since the evaluation is done retrospectively on frozen samples. The results obtained in this study will not be used for patient care decisions.

The risks related to the user have been reduced as far as possible by providing detailed instructions for use with the kits, including warning and precautions for the users and known limitations of the device. Furthermore, the study will be performed by professionals who are qualified and trained for conducting the clinical performance study.

## 4 Timelines

Starting date: 4<sup>th</sup> of May 2021

End-date: 20<sup>th</sup> of May 2021

## 5 Description Device

### 5.1 Identification

EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test

### 5.2 Manufacturer if different from the sponsor

Not applicable.

### 5.3 Intended purpose

This kit is intended for the qualitative in vitro detection of SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein antigen in nasal swabs from persons suspected of having COVID-19. The kit is intended for use by lay persons and for persons 7 years of age and older; children 7-14 years of age should be tested by an adult (over 18 years of age). Persons over 65 years of age should seek assistance in performing the test.

### 5.4 Analyte or marker

SARS-CoV-2 antigen

### 5.5 Specimen Type

Anterior nasal swab

### 5.6 Metrological Traceability

Not applicable.

### 5.7 Technical and Functional Features

This kit uses immunochromatography for detection. The sample moves forward along the test cassette by capillary action. If the SARS-CoV-2 virus antigen is present, they will bind to the colloidal gold labelled SARS-CoV-2 specific antibodies. The immune complex is captured by a coronavirus monoclonal antibody fixed in test line T. The resulting compound forms a pink/purple line and the test result is positive. If no pink/purple line appears, the result is negative. The test

cassette also contains a quality control line C, which must appear pink/purple regardless of whether a T line is present.

## 6 Study Design

### 6.1 Materials Supplied by the manufacturer.

#### 6.1.1 Test Kits and Instructions for Use

Sufficient kits of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test together with the Instructions for Use have been supplied free of charge to carry out the entire evaluation.

#### 6.1.2 Instrument

Not applicable.

### 6.2 Materials Supplied by the Investigator

#### 6.2.1 Standard laboratory reagents and disposables.

These are supplied by the Investigator and must meet the specifications required to correctly carry out the test procedure.

EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test used:

Lot number: 21040101                      Expiry date: 2023-04-01

#### 6.2.2 Equipment/Instrumentation

Nucleic acid extraction will be performed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract (REF: PGZ001) and analyzed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real-time PCR kit (REF: PG6815), with the CFX96 Touch Real-Time PCR Detection System from Bio-Rad Laboratories (Hercules, USA).

R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract Kit used:

Lot number: QL200056                      Expiry date: 2022-05

R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real-time PCR kit used:

Lot number: 26081Z                      Expiry date: 2023-02

#### 6.2.3 Samples

The samples used have been collected as dry swabs and are stored at -20°C.

### 6.3 Study population

According to the Minimum criteria for Rapid SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Tests the following sample numbers must be tested:

#### Diagnostic sensitivity:

Parallel examination of diagnostic PCR tests and antigen tests in at least 100 persons with COVID-19 symptoms within seven days after onset of symptoms

Criterion antigen test: >80% of at least 100 unselected PCR-positive samples, positive in the SARS-CoV-2-rapid antigen test.

#### Diagnostic specificity:

Examinations of at least 100 asymptomatic persons without a concrete risk of exposure in the rapid SARS-CoV2 antigen test; clarification of any reactive samples by means of PCR Devices shall have a specificity of > 97 %.

#### Required patient information:

- o Collection date of swab
- o Age, sex
- o Date of onset of symptoms (if present)/time of infection
- o Severity of symptoms (if known)

- o Date of initial PCR testing (when patient was tested for the first time)
- o Initial PCR result (i.e. positive or negative)

#### Analytical specificity

##### - *Potentially cross-reactive markers:*

Examination of samples including those with a high concentration of related human coronaviruses

- o *human coronavirus 229E*
- o *human coronavirus OC43*
- o *human coronavirus NL63*
- o *MERS coronavirus*

##### - *Potentially interfering substances:*

Examinations should also be performed on pathogen-positive samples in which the pathogen can cause analogous symptoms (e.g. influenza A, B; RSV), or could interfere with the test principle (e.g. protein A-positive *Staphylococcus aureus* in the case of nasal swabs as sample matrix)

- o *influenza A*
- o *influenza B*
- o *RSV*

An analysis should be performed of the correlation between the antigen -positive/PCR-positive and the antigen-negative/PCR-negative samples with the Ct-values of the PCR. In addition, the PCR protocol should be described. The mean Ct-value should be determined for the antigen-positive samples. In another evaluation, the detection rate of the antigen test (e.g. detection rate >90%) should be observed in relation to the Ct-value. However, it should again be noted that the Ct-values vary between PCR tests in the case of a given concentration of the target RNA.

#### 6.4 Test procedure

Throughout the evaluation, all samples swabs were extracted in the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test extraction buffer as described in the IFU of the rapid test. 2-3 drops of the treated sample (approximately 90-100 µL) were applied to the sample well of the test cassette. Results obtained with the rapid test device were visually read-out by two operators between 15 and 25 minutes after the sample had been applied onto the test cassette. Digital images were taken from used rapid test cassettes after visual read-out.

Total RNA was extracted from 50 µL of the remaining liquid using the R-Biopharm RIDA Xtract (REF: PGZ001), and analyzed with the R-Biopharm RIDA Gene SARS-CoV-2 real time PCR kit (REF:PG6815).

According to a validation of different extraction volumes of 50 µl, 200 µl and 400 µl an average value of 3.14 Ct was calculated as difference between the used 50 µl and the requested 400 µl. Therefore, a Ct-value of 3.14 was subtracted from the PCR results received with 50 µl for each sample.

Real-time RT-PCR analysis was performed in singlicate analysis for all samples that were collected from infected donors and conducted using a CFX96 Touch Real-Time PCR Detection System from Bio-Rad Laboratories (Hercules, USA). The real-time RT-PCR results were obtained as Ct-values. Samples with a Ct-value of 36 (mean of the two replicates) or below were included in the calculation of the sensitivity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test.

## 7 Data management

Data management entails the planning for the creation, identification, verification, storage, transfer and archiving of data pertinent to the study, by means of the format of the study records, as well as associated responsibilities.

### 7.1 Data and results recording

The sample information and reference results of the samples are recorded in the Study Record Forms (SRFs) in excel.

SRF completion:

- Each item on the SRF must be completed
- No blanks can be left
- If an item is missing or not available, the entry shall be completed with 'NA'

To protect the subject or patient's privacy, no personal data shall appear anywhere on the SRF.

The data obtained with the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test are recorded on a sample sheet and as digital images taken within the prescribed time frame. The results are transferred to the SRF.

The completed SRF with sample information and reference results will be made available upon finalization of the testing.

All data will be filed both as a hard copy and in electronic files by Biomex. Data will be stored for a time period as defined in the lab's QMS procedures but at least 5 years. All laboratory results are strictly confidential.

The EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test results are for performance evaluation only and must not be used for diagnostic purposes.

### 7.2 Data analysis

The following analyses have been performed:

The diagnostic sensitivity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test was calculated as the number of identified positive samples compared to the total number of positive samples tested in parallel on the reference RT-PCR-assay in correlation to the Ct-value.

The diagnostic specificity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test was calculated as the number of negative samples on the total number of negative samples tested with the RT-PCR-test.

The diagnostic sensitivities and specificities are reported together with a 2-sided 95% confidence interval.

## 8 Results

### 8.1 Definitions

True positive sample: sample that was determined positive both using the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test and by RT-PCR.

False positive sample: sample that was determined positive using the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test, but negative by RT-PCR.

True negative sample: sample that was determined negative both using the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test and by RT-PCR.

False negative sample: sample that was determined negative using the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test but positive by RT-PCR.



**Specificity (%):** # true negative samples/(# true negative samples + # false positive samples) x 100

**Sensitivity (%):** # true positive samples/(# true positive samples + # false negative samples) x 100

## 8.2 Diagnostic sensitivity

In total 127 nasal swabs from donors with known SARS-CoV-2 infection were tested with the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test.

Sex, age and symptoms of the donors as well as date of onset of symptoms were known. The date of infection was presumed from indications by the donor. Date of swab collections were documented (see annex “SRF Main Evaluation EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test”).

Analytical Results with correlation to Ct-values of the positive samples:

Ct-value	Number of Samples	Number of true positive Rapid Test Samples	Number of false negative Rapid Test Samples	Sensitivity of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (CI)
≤ 30	81	80	1	98.8 % (93,3-99,8%)
≤ 32	102	98	4	96.1 % (90,4-98,5%)
≤ 34	117	110	7	94.2 % (88,2-97,1%)
≤ 36	127	116	11	91.3 % (85,2-95,1%)

The correlation between the Ct-values of the analyzed samples and the sensitivity reveals a sensitivity of 96.1% for samples with a Ct-value of up to 32. Samples with a higher Ct-value in the real-time RT-PCR and consequently less viral RNA copies as well as viral antigen in the samples result in lower sensitivity values for the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test. But there is still a good sensitivity of 91.3% up to a Ct-value of 36. This is in line with expectations regarding viral detection by antigen rapid testing compared to PCR analysis.

20 samples out of the 127 have been from patients with the UK mutant B.1.1.7. All samples have been detected positive with the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test, so that one can conclude that this variant is detected by this test with a very high sensitivity.

## 8.3 Diagnostic specificity

Samples included:

100 nasal swabs from healthy donors: Sex, age and date of sample collection were known (see annex “SRF Main Evaluation EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test\_Annex\_I”).

Analytical Results with correlation to Ct-values of the negative samples:

Number of Samples	Number of true neg. Rapid Test Samples	Number of false positive Rapid Test Samples	Sensitivity of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (CI)
100	100	0	100 % (96-100)

Diagnostic Specificity of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test: 100% (100/100), Wilson 95% CI: 96-100%

Analytical Results (Total Accuracy) for all samples with PCR result either negative or positive with a Ct-value of ≤ 32 in this study:

		RT-PCR		Total
		positive	negative	
EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test	positive	98	0	98
	negative	4	100	104

	toatal	102	100	202
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Total accuracy of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test: 98% (198/202), Wilson 95% CI: 95-99.2%

Sensitivity of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test (Ct ≤32): 96.1 % (98/102), CI: 90.4-98.5 %

Specificity of EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test: 100 % (100/100), CI: 96-100%

#### 8.4 Analytical specificity

Samples included:

The following heat inactivated viruses were purchased from ZeptoMetrix Corporation, 878 Main Street, Buffalo, NY 14202:

Virus	Strain	Lot #	Exp. Date	Titer (TCID <sub>50</sub> )
Coronavirus	229E	325111	24/09/2023	1,41 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
Coronavirus	NL63	325222	15/10/2023	4,68 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Coronavirus	OC43	325491	16/11/2023	5,01 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
MERS-CoV	Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	325281	20/10/2023	1,17 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
RSV-A	2006 Isolate	324924	25/08/2023	5,01 x 10 <sup>5</sup>
RSV-B	CH93-18(19)	325289	22/10/2023	1,55 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Influenza A	H1N1 New Caledonia	320943/522670	Man. 09/2018	1,15 x 10 <sup>7</sup>
Influenza B	Yamagata/16/88	323828	25/02/2023	5,62 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Influenza B	Victoria/2/87	325078	23/09/2023	1,70 x 10 <sup>5</sup>

The above listed samples were diluted with the extraction buffer provided in the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test.

Specimen	Dilution	Titer (TCID <sub>50</sub> )
Coronavirus 229E	1:10	1,41 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
Coronavirus NL63	1:10	4,68 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
Coronavirus OC43	1:10	5,01 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
MERS CoV Florida/USA-2_Saudi Arabia_2014	1:10	1,17 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
RSV-A 2006 Isolate	1:10	5,01 x 10 <sup>4</sup>
RSV-B CH93-18(19)	1:10	1,55 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
Influenza A H1N1 New Caledonia	1:10	1,15 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Influenza B Yamagata/16/88	1:10	5,62 x 10 <sup>3</sup>
Influenza B Victoria/2/87	1:10	1,70 x 10 <sup>4</sup>

The TCID<sub>50</sub> value is converted to plaque forming units by the equation  $0.69 \text{ PFU} = 1 \text{ TCID}_{50}$ . Example: a TCID<sub>50</sub> value of  $1,15 \times 10^3$  corresponds to 794 PFU.

All dilutions were tested with the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test and found to be negative.

## 9 Conclusion

The specificity and sensitivity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test was evaluated in this study with 227 samples collected as anterior nasal swabs. All samples were tested in parallel with the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test and a real-time RT-PCR assay. Samples with a Ct-value at or below 36 were selected for the calculation of the sensitivity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test.

The specificity of the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test calculated from results of all samples was 100 %, the sensitivity calculated from results of samples with a Ct-value up to 32 (102 samples) was 96.1 % (95% CI: 90,4-98.5%). Also up to a Ct value of 34 the sensitivity was very good with 94.1% (95% CI: 88,2-97.1%) with only 7 negatives out of 117 samples.

In conclusion, the results from this study confirm that the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test can be used for the qualitative detection of antigen from SARS-CoV-2 in human anterior nasal swab with a very high sensitivity and specificity.

No cross-reactivity was detected with various tested viruses in the EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test.

## 10 Bibliography

- EU Regulation 2017/746 on *in vitro* Diagnostic Medical Devices
- Minimum criteria for Rapid SARS-CoV-2 Antigen Tests Pursuant to Section 1 para 1 Sentence 1 TestVO (Statutory Test Regulation): Rapid Antigen Tests " of the Paul-Ehrlich-Institut (PEI) dated 15.01.2021).
- ISO 20916 *In vitro* Diagnostic Medical Devices – Clinical Performance Studies using specimens form human subjects – Good Study Practices
- EU Guidance on the management of clinical trials during the COVID-19 pandemic version 3. April 2020.
- European Commission, Working document of Commission services – Current performance of COVID-19 test methods and devices and proposed performance criteria, 16 April 2020

## 11 Annexes

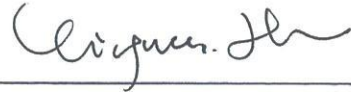
Annex I	SRF Main Evaluation EasyDiagnosis COVID-19 (SARS-CoV-2) Antigen Test
Annex II	Pictures of positive samples
Annex III	Pictures of negative samples
Annex VI	Pictures of cross reactive samples

## 12 Approval

## Author

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Function:	Study coordinator/Principal Investigator
Date: 15.06.2021	Signature: 

## Approval

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